

LOUISVILLE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME 6.

LOUISVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 18, 1857.

NUMBER 143.

EVENING BULLETIN.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
PRETICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE,
THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.—In Advance.—Daily Journal \$10; Country Daily \$8; Weekly \$5; Evening Bulletin \$5, if mailed \$6; Weekly Bulletin \$1.
CLUB PRICES.—In Advance.—5 Country Dailies or Tri-Weeklies for \$25; Weekly—1 copy 2 years \$5; 2 copies 1 year \$3; 6 copies \$12; 15 copies or more \$1.50 each. Weekly Bulletin—11 copies for \$10.

Papers sent by mail are payable in advance.
When the Daily, Country Daily, or Tri-Weekly is to be discontinued (paid in advance at the time subscribed for) the subscriber must order, otherwise it will be continued, at our option, until paid for and stopped, as has been our custom.

If not paid, it must be paid at the time of discontinuance, or at our option, if party is good, it will be sent until paid. Remittances by mail, in "registered" letters, at our risk.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL FOR REGULAR ADVERTISERS.

One square, 10 lines	One square, 10 lines
agate, one month.....\$1 00	agate, one month.....\$6 00
Do, each additional insertion.....25	Do, two months.....12 00
Do, one week.....3 25	Do, four months.....24 00
Do, two weeks.....3 50	Do, six months.....30 00
Do, three weeks.....4 00	Do, twelve months.....50 00
Each additional card, four lines or less, per annum.....\$15 00	
One square, changeable weekly, per annum.....40 00	
Do, do do two times per week per annum 60 00	
Do, do do three times do do do 100 00	

Each additional card, four lines or less, per annum.....\$15 00
Advertisements published at intervals—\$1 for first insertion and 60 cents for each subsequent one.

Announcing Candidates—\$1 per week for each name.

Advertisements not marked will be inserted one month and payment exacted.

Yearly advertisers pay quarterly; all others in advance.

Real estate and personal advertisements, sheriffs' and commissioners' sales, patent medicine, theatrical, circus, or similar advertising, not published by the year.

Advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, and other public meetings, and such like, half-price.

Marriages and deaths published as news. Obituaries and funeral invitations as advertisements.

Editorial notices and communications, inserted in editorial columns and intended to promote private interests, 20 cents per line; these only inserted at the discretion of the editors.

No communication will be inserted, unless accompanied by the real name of the author.

Steamboat advertisements—25 cents for first insertion and 12 1/2 cents for each subsequent insertion, each change considered a new advertisement. Standing advertisements for regular packets for a season of not over six months, \$12 for one boat, and \$6 for each additional boat.

Advertisements inserted only in the Evening Bulletin will be charged half the above prices; if inserted in Daily Journal and continued, after first insertion, in the Evening Bulletin, one-fourth the above prices.

Advertisements kept on the inside of the Journal are charged an extra price.

ADVERTISING RATES.—In Weekly Journal.—Each square (10 lines) one insertion.....\$1 00

Each continuation.....75

Advertisements continued in the Weekly Bulletin, if they are continued also in the Daily Journal, will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents for each continuation; if not continued in Weekly Journal 20 cents.

Written notices must be given to take out and stop advertisements of every advertiser before the year expires, otherwise we shall charge till done.

No contract of yearly advertisements will be discontinued without previous notice to us, nor will any charge be made for less than one year at the yearly rates.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1857.

STATE AID TO INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.—We publish to-day the bill introduced at the last session of the General Assembly of Kentucky to extend the aid of the State to Internal Improvements. From the provisions of this bill the general features of the proposition for the application of State aid may be easily understood.

It is universally conceded that the construction of works of internal improvement, or even the completion of those already projected and in process of construction, would greatly promote the welfare of the whole State. The knowledge of this fact has become disseminated among our people. It is known that, in soil, climate, advantageous position, natural mineral and agricultural resources, and all the endowments of nature, Kentucky is at least equal, and in many respects superior to other States which started long after Kentucky but have already left her far behind in the race of progress. There is no longer any doubt that this greater advancement of our neighboring States is attributable mainly and almost exclusively to internal improvements, by which every productive interest has been promoted and made remunerative in the highest degree.

The new States in the Northwest have received, unquestionably from this source, an impetus in wealth and population almost incredible, and the Southern States, all around us, have lately awakened to their true interests and have spurred up in the race of progress through the same agencies. Already they are beginning to reap the benefits of their action and feel the salutary influence of their works of internal improvement. Kentucky alone is still dormant. Her sister States, all around her, North, East, South, and West, have constructed, and are rapidly pushing to completion, systems of railroads, which, like great arteries, pulsating with the life's blood of the Commonwealth, permeate their whole territories, adding vastly to the value of their lands and the wealth of their citizens in every city, town, and county. On every side they are to our very borders, and find in our gallant, noble, and chivalrous State an impassable barrier to their further progress.

All around us our enterprising neighbors are calling loudly upon us to arouse from the lethargy which has so long paralyzed our efforts and join them in the onward march of improvement, but we do not hear; they stretch out their hands in supplication to us no longer to block up the great highway of nations, but we heed them not. The great lines of intercommunication between the East and the West, the North and the South, which should pass right through the heart of Kentucky, developing her inexhaustible resources and pouring wealth and plenty into her lap, are thus forced to go around her, and leave her isolated and helpless. The measureless deposits of coal and iron and other useful minerals which underlie whole counties are valueless for their inaccessibility. The vast forests of excellent timber which might be made to add immensely to the wealth of our State are left to decay because their products cannot be transported to mills or markets. Numberless fine water powers, which might furnish motors for whole cities of industrious manufacturers, are left to murmur idly in their mountain retreats, where commerce cannot reach them, and hundreds of thousands of acres of the finest and richest soil that ever yielded to the plow are left with the virgin mould as undisturbed as when it was trodden only by the fleet foot of the deer or the noiseless moccasin of the Indian hunter, because there are no means of conveying their rich harvests to a market.

All this backwardness, all this loitering behind our fellows, all this blocking up of the great avenues of national trade and commerce and this hoarding up in undeveloped primitiveness our vast natural resources, are the results of a want of the necessary works of internal improvements. The people of Kentucky are beginning to see and appreciate this great want, but they cannot spare from their ordinary pursuits all the means to supply it. They have already contributed largely for this purpose,

but not enough to complete their necessary enterprises or to keep pace with our more thrifty neighbors.

The internal improvements of the Northwestern States have been constructed chiefly by means of the liberal grants of public lands by the Federal Government, and those of our Southern neighbors owe their progress principally to the aid extended to them by the States themselves. It is useless for us in Kentucky to expect to keep pace with them unless we avail ourselves of similar advantages. There is no prospect that we will be able to obtain any material aid for these purposes from the Federal Government, and there is no other resource but our own State.

Our works of internal improvement are already languishing for this aid. We want our railroads everywhere finished. We need the Louisville and Nashville road, the one to the Big Sandy, the one to Danville, the one to Memphis, the one to Maysville, the one to Covington, the one to the Cumberland Gap. We need the completion of the works on the Kentucky and Green rivers, and the improvement of the navigation of the Big Sandy, the Licking, and Cumberland rivers. Thus every portion of our whole State may be improved and its resources developed. All this can be done and more by the influence of State aid. Without it no new enterprises can be successfully instituted, and those already begun must drag their slow length wearily along.

This State aid can be provided in such manner as to expend for such purpose ten millions of dollars without adding actually one mill to the present rate of taxation. It is believed that, under our present constitutional regulations of the sinking fund, it, of itself, would be sufficient to pay off not only all the present indebtedness of the State but all of the proposed additional ten millions within thirty years; but, to avoid any contingency, ample provision can be made (and in the bill which we publish such provisions are made) by which, for each dollar of taxes imposed for internal improvement purposes, at least a corresponding amount would be deducted from the ordinary revenue tax, and the interest of the State in these works, thus aided to completion by her liberality, would in all probability become a source of actual profit and pour a continual income into the State treasury, contributing greatly to relieve our citizens from the burden of taxation instead of adding to it.

It is impossible within the limits of a single newspaper article to make even a passing allusion to the details of this proposition for State aid to internal improvements or to mention any considerable portion of the resultant benefits not only to particular localities but to the whole State at large. We wish to draw to the subject the attention of the people throughout the State, to urge it upon the candid consideration of every citizen without distinction and without reference to parties. It is a project with which partyism has nothing to do, and we do not advocate it nor do we wish to see it advocated as a party measure. It is a subject which we consider of vital importance to the progress of our State in wealth and population and material development, and actually necessary to the welfare of our whole Commonwealth. We shall continue to keep it before the people and to present such reasons in its favor as we think will convince all who will read them of the utility, the profit, and the necessity for the prompt adoption of such a measure.

A CONTEMPLATED CIRCUMNAVIGATION.—We had the pleasure of meeting yesterday our gallant American friend Dr. Wm. McClure, of Boone county, Missouri, who intends circumnavigating the globe. He is to start from New York to Europe, and thence about the world, visiting all points and scenes of interest, antiquity, and romance.

Dr. McClure is a farmer of intelligence, and during his extensive journey will especially direct his attention to the different departments of agriculture as they are developed and practiced throughout the country. In his long and far journeyings we wish our friend all possible success and all purchasable pleasure.

BREAD FOR THE PASSOVER.—This interesting Jewish festival commences two weeks from to-day. Heretofore it has been the custom of our Israelitish friends in the city to obtain their supplies of unleavened bread from the city of New York, but the present year they have made arrangements at home. The bread, which is of a very peculiar character, is to be baked at the corner of Floyd and Green streets. A very large supply is requisite as the Jewish population in the city is quite numerous.

Mrs. Susan M. Adams died on Wednesday evening from the disease which has afflicted the persons who have recently stopped at the National Hotel in Washington. This lady stayed there on a recent journey from Savannah. A post mortem examination has been made, showing that "the stomach was partially eaten away; the bowels manifested symptoms of violent inflammation; the lungs were congested, and the kidneys severely affected."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We understand that yesterday afternoon Morris O'Brien fell from his cart on the corner of Tenth and Walnut streets. The cart, which was heavily laden with bowlders, passed over his body, causing almost instantaneous death. The deceased was an Irishman by birth and aged 28 years.

Coroner Brian held an inquest, and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

We have heretofore neglected to notice the nominations of the American party in the Fifth ward. At a meeting last Saturday night, Messrs. Andrew Monroe and Wm. T. Weaver, who have so diligently served the interests of the city for the past year, were nominated for re-election to the Common Council.

Mr. E. S. Worthington was nominated for School Trustee.

Our Fire Department, which had been reduced to four working engines, has been greatly increased by the arrival from Cincinnati of the "Texas" engine, which has been kindly loaned to the Relief Company.

A negro named Golding has been committed in Nashville as being connected with the murder of young Tanner.

Yesterday a Jew named Israel Blitz was arrested, charged with theft, and lodged in jail.

DELINQUENCY OF THE LATE CONGRESS.—The public is perhaps of the impression that because the late Congress expired without any of those scenes of drunkenness and brawling which in recent times have so frequently disgraced the last end of Congresses it was in most respects a very exemplary body, and at any rate expired with perfect propriety. If the public has any such impression it is most deplorably mistaken. The National Intelligencer, whose testimony upon a point of this kind is conclusive, employed the following strong language on the day after the termination of the session:

The existence of the Thirty-Fourth Congress of the United States came to an end yesterday forenoon under circumstances more discouraging—not to say blameable—than any which have ever before fallen under our observation.

We confess that so severe a judgment from a journal of such boundless, almost fantastic charity as the National Intelligencer took us at first glance somewhat by surprise, as it may take our readers. It is, however, not more severe than merited. Emanating from the Intelligencer, it implies a vast deal more than it asserts, but its whole significance, direct and otherwise, is unquestionably just and fit. The faithlessness of the late Congress is a standing theme of indignant amazement with those who closely watched its proceedings. The public business beyond all doubt was never before, not even on the eve or in the height of great national convulsions, so recklessly sacrificed to personal and partisan interests. All but the entire mass of the necessary and proper legislation before Congress was heedlessly neglected until the last hours of its existence, and then disposed of amidst such tumult and disorder and with such open and shameless disregard of the public interests as have had no parallel in the history of the National Legislature. Other Congresses, everybody is aware, have wronged and scandalized the people in this way before—it has become, indeed, a habitual thing—but the Congress that has just expired threw the enormities of its predecessors far into the shade. It aggravated a vice into a crime. It out-Congressed Congress. It surpassed its own corporate infamy.

We do not presume to say exactly where the burden of this grave offense lies, but it must evidently lie somewhere with the majority of the members themselves, for, having the power, they of course are responsible for the abuse of it. The National Intelligencer is of the opinion that it does not lie with the chairmen of the leading committees, or with the Speaker of the House. It says on this point:

It would, however, be unjust if, while giving expression to the conviction forced upon us by the facts and circumstances thus designated, we did not except from the scope and application of our remarks the chairmen of the leading committees in both branches of Congress, as well as the able and impartial Speaker of the late House of Representatives, unsurpassed, if not unequalled, by any of his predecessors in the same responsible and exacting chair. If the dispatch of the public business was often impeded, and sometimes wholly frustrated, the fault cannot fairly be laid at their door, since the assiduity of the former, so far as they fell under his jurisdiction, was ably seconded by the efficiency of the latter.

By the formal specification of these exceptions, the Intelligencer doubtless intended to cast the dark burden upon the rest of Congress. It is a terrible weight of censure, but the country will undoubtedly approve it. The fault is a most atrocious one. And it is also a most pernicious one. There clearly must be an end to such Congressional delinquency or there will be an end to the respectability and usefulness of Congress. It is infamous. Unless a prompt and thorough reform in the method of transacting public business is adopted and faithfully pursued, Congress will speedily sink into bitter and universal contempt. It will become at once the curse and the laughing-stock of the country.

A BLOODY TRAGEDY IN CINCINNATI.—A difficulty occurred at a coffee-house in Cincinnati on Sunday night. While liquor was being served, a man named Parker remarked that he wasn't afraid of any d-d man in America, to which Wm. T. Bennett replied that he didn't think anybody was afraid of him—Parker. "Perhaps you're not afraid of me," exclaimed the latter. "No, I am not," rejoined Bennett, when Parker immediately struck him a couple of blows with his fist. Bennett rushed towards him; Parker succeeded in drawing a pistol, and extending his arm around the person who stood immediately between him and his opponent, he fired, when the ball entered the right side of Bennett, breaking the second rib, and passing through the lungs, lodged in the spine. The unfortunate young man died in about two hours.

A TERRIBLE DEATH.—The Cincinnati Commercial records a fearful accident which occurred in the town of Brooklyn, in this State, a short distance above Newport. Mr. Bricker, his wife and a little daughter were together in their apartment, when a large camphine lamp which was burning exploded, and the blazing fluid was scattered over every part of the room, and upon the dress of the child. The mother caught her in her arms, and flinging her underneath her on the ground, succeeded in smothering the fire. Thus she guarded her until her own dress became ignited, which in extinguishing Mr. Bricker was severely burned, his arms and hands being absolutely charred. The poor woman lingered in hopeless agony until Sunday night, when she died.

Michael S. Gross, a worthy young man well known in this city, died a few days since in Indianapolis. He served faithfully and with distinction in Walker's Nicaraguan army. His remains were brought to this city for interment.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—A burglar attempted to enter a store on Fourth street, between Main and Market, Monday night, but was foiled in the enterprise. He was chased by one of the clerks and the police of that district.

The difference between the Governor of Alabama and the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company in reference to the Alabama State loan has been adjusted on terms satisfactory to both parties.

St. Patrick's day was celebrated yesterday at the Commercial Hotel, with all due eclat, Mr. Geo. C. Steele being the gallant and accomplished master of ceremonies.

N. W. Thomas, a well-known merchant, has been nominated for Mayor by the Republicans and citizens of Cincinnati.

RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

PORTLAND TELEGRAPH LINE.

Office at Portland, Delme's Drug Store, on the wharf.

Office at Shippingport, in the Canal Office.

Office at Louisville, Union Telegraph Office.

There were 5 feet 1 inch water in the canal last evening, it having receded two inches in the twenty-four hours ending last evening. It commenced raining a little after dark last night, but it was of but short continuance.

The steamers Crescent and Queen City were aground yesterday on Grassy Flats, and the Europa at Vevay. The Ohio Belle was still on the rocks below the mouth of the canal last evening. One of the New Albany ferry boats was to lighten her off last night.

The steamer Gen. Pike has gone on the marine ways at Madison.

The steamer Antelope passed Evansville yesterday, and will doubtless arrive early this morning.

The A. L. Shotwell.—This steamer has arrived at Evansville, and will not come up any further, in consequence of the low stage of the river. Passengers taking the cars on Friday morning will reach Evansville in time for the Shotwell.

The James Montgomery.—This steamer has telegraphed from Memphis that she will arrive on Friday morning, and will leave here on Saturday on her return trip.

The Ben Franklin, Capt. Anders, did not get off last evening, but she will positively leave this morning. Those going Southward will find elegant accommodations on her.

The favorite and beautiful steamer Southerner, Capt. Triplett, leaves for St. Louis to-day. Both the boat and officers enjoy a high popularity.

We are indebted to Mr. Sherly, the attentive clerk of the Southerner, for late St. Louis papers and copies of the manifest and memorandum.

The Telegraph is the mailboat for Cincinnati to-day. The W. A. Eaves will leave for Green river. The Wm. Knox will leave for Tennessee river.

The following we copy from the Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday:

The probabilities are now that the large accumulation of snow on the mountains will melt under the influence of the present warm spell, and a rise of eight or ten feet water in the river at Pittsburgh will ensue.

We learn from Captain Fink, of the Interchange, the last steamer from Pittsburg, that the new steamer Nixon, with a large tow, were hard aground at Blennerhassett's Island, on Saturday. They met the W. G. Woodside at Bellevue, with a large tow. The Iowa was hard aground and lying broadside at the foot of Buffington, on the Ohio side. The new Marietta packet Boston, found up, was hard aground on the same island, and lying broadside on the Virginia side, half way up the island. They met the J. H. Done at Ripley, Va., Ohio No. 2 at Coalport, and S. P. Hibbard below Portsmouth. They report 3 feet 5 inches on Blaney, and river falling all the way down. The wrecking of the Irene was proceeding, and the machinery was nearly all got out.

The J. B. Ford, with three hundred tons of dry goods and miscellaneous freight, departed for Louisville last evening.

FROM HAVANA.—The Empire City's advices are to the 8th inst. The general news is of no importance. The Captain-General had again reviewed a large body of troops, some 15,000 strong, at a point some six miles from the city. No foreign men-of-war were at anchor in the harbor.

A letter in the New York Express, dated the 8th inst., says:

Last week, Wednesday, six hundred Bozal negroes were introduced to our civilization, landed between Cardenas and Sierra Morena, while official vigilance was napping. The vessel that effected the landing is said to be from the United States ship yards, and was fitted out in the city of New York for this expedition. After landing her cargo she disappeared from the coast north by west, which would take her to Key West or Tortugas, where she may call, claiming to be in distress.

By three vessels recently (14th and 26th ultimo), we have received nine hundred and twelve Asiatic colonists to aid our agricultural industry, under contracts for eight years service, &c. Two hundred and ninety perished on one ship, the Cora, (owned in New York), wearing Peruvian colors. On the other two, Holland ships, one lost eleven and the other ten since the 5th of April, 1855. Since the formation of the stock company under the lead of Messrs. Torrice, Puentis & Co., we have imported 7,000 of these Chinese. Known deaths 1,197.

The same letter states that an expedition has been fitted out by the government to explore the Islands Southwest of Cuba, where a deposit of guano is said to have been discovered by Capt. Green.

Among the patents granted last week were the following:

Thos. H. Burridge, St. Louis, Mo.—For improvement in rock drills.

W. Stephens, Richmond, Ind.—Improved chuck for watch maker's lathe.

Samuel D. Warren, Lebanon, Ala.—Improvement in grain cradles.

Abner P. Wilson, Salem, Ill.—Improved self-regulating wind wheel.

Allen Comstock.—Design for cooking stove.

John E. Vedder, a respectable man residing in Chicago, who had been staying several days at the Metropolitan Hotel, in New York, left that house on Wednesday, the 4th inst., for the purpose, as he told the clerk in the office, of going to Brooklyn, to collect about \$10,000 which was due him there. This was about 11 o'clock in the morning, and nothing whatever has been heard of him since. This is the fourth mysterious disappearance from this house recently. Mr. Vedder's baggage still remains in his room.

SIXTH WARD NOMINATIONS.—At a meeting of the Falls City Council last night the following nominations were made for the April election:

Alderman—L. H. Rousseau.

Councilmen—R. F. Baird and Joseph Gilliss.

School Trustee—J. Clements.

The statement of Mr. Walter Gregory in the Cincinnati Gazette, a few days since, relative to a suit instituted against him in the Shelby Circuit Court, turns out to be incorrect. The following is the announcement of the clerk of the Shelby Circuit Court:

A suit is pending the Shelby Circuit Court against Walter Gregory and others, the object of which is to establish the Shelby College Lottery, and to recover of Walter Gregory, arrears all-due in the petition to be due by him, on contracts made by him in reference to said Lottery.

WILLIAM A. JONES, Clerk Shelby Circuit Court.

The chinch bug is committing terrible ravages upon the wheat crop in Culpepper county, Va.

Three children of Mr. John Nischal were burned to death near Delhi, Del., last Monday night.

[From this morning's Journal.]

WASHINGTON, March 17.

Miss Lane, the niece of the President, gave her first public reception at the White House to-day. The ceremony of introduction was performed by the Marshal of the District of Columbia.

The President has issued cards of invitation to a large number of distinguished sojourners here for his dinner party on Thursday.

The opposition to Governor Geary proceeds from Pennsylvania. Kansas has not yet spoken on the subject.

D. H. Lawrence, an eminent lawyer of this city, died this morning of pneumonia.

At the reception of the British Minister yesterday, Lord Napier, in addressing the President, said he was instructed to convey to him the earnest desire on all occasions the interests and happiness of England and America, which are so deeply involved in their amicable intercourse; to manifest to him the hearty good wishes which her Majesty cherishes for the prosperity of the United States. He ventured to congratulate the President on his accession to the highest elective dignity in this country or the world, saying—"May you enjoy it in health, peace, and ever-increasing honor, and may the period of your government be distinguished by all the features of the public welfare. Permit me, he continued, to express to you my gratification at being selected to renew and avow at Washington those relations of international friendship which have been so ably sustained by your representative in London. This important and grateful duty might have been committed to others more capable of doing justice to the sentiments of benevolence which animate my sovereign, her ministers, and every order of her subjects, but no one could approach your Excellency with greater respect for your person or your office, or with a warmer good will to the American people." He then delivered the credentials and letter which her Majesty had been graciously pleased to entrust to his care.

The President, in reply, offered to Lord Napier a hearty welcome as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of her Britannic Majesty to the United States. Your Sovereign, he said, I am convinced, could not have selected a more acceptable representative than yourself to renew those relations of international friendship which, I trust, may never hereafter be interrupted.

The earnest and gracious desire expressed by her Majesty to preserve and advance on all occasions the interests and happiness of England and America, and the hearty good wishes which her Majesty cherishes for the prosperity of the United States, are cordially reciprocated on my part, and will elicit an enthusiastic response from the hearts of the American people. No independent powers have ever been bound together by material interests of such magnitude as those which unite Great Britain and the United States.

Indeed, the perpetuity of one is necessarily involved in that of the other, but mutual interests, however vast, without mutual regard, are not always sufficient to preserve friendship between nations. How happy, then, am I, to receive the assurance that your Sovereign, her Ministers, and every order of her subjects are animated by sentiments of benevolence towards the Government and people of the United States. During the administration, it shall be my earnest desire to increase the friendship and good will now so happily subsisting between the two countries and to render these sentiments strong and enduring. With such sincere and heartfelt dispositions on both sides, such difficulties even arise between the two Governments, they will be easily adjusted in the spirit of mutual forbearance and concession.

I return your Lordship my thanks for your expressions and wishes in reference to myself, and feel confident that in our future intercourse we shall proceed harmoniously and satisfactorily in discharging our respective duties.

BOSTON, March 17.

In the Naval Court Martial to-day, Lieut. H. N. Crabb and Cornelius Van Alstine, attached to the United States ship Ohio, pleaded guilty to the charges preferred against them. During the administration of Senator Hale, of New Hampshire, and his daughter are quite sick. They recently boarded at the National Hotel, Washington.

NEW YORK, March 17.
The Times says that a reliable letter from Costa Rica contradicts the accounts of the successes of Walker troops. Castello had not been captured nor had the reported arms and ammunition been taken by Lockridge. The Costa Ricans were well posted, in good spirits and confident of success.

NEW YORK, March 17.
The Herald's Washington correspondent says the Cabinet had a session of six hours to-day. They had before their consideration the Philadelphia appointments. It is understood that two were decided upon—Joseph B. Batrer, of Lancaster, for Collector, and Gideon Westcott, as Postmaster. The remainder of the appointments will be made to-morrow. The California, Boston, and New York appointments will be a great thing on the programme. I understand that an effect has been made this evening to induce the President to cancel the appointment of Mr. Johnson, who was appointed and confirmed on Saturday, as Consul to Beyroot. It has been ascertained that he has been a prominent Republican and was Mr. Sumner's private secretary.

Col. Manyen tendered his resignation as Indian Commissioner to-day, in view of the fact that he would be compelled to surrender his place. Col. James B. Steadman, of Ohio, will succeed him. It was rumored at one time to-day that Mr. Buchanan objected Col. Steadman, because he was the leading Douglas man in the Cincinnati Convention.

Ex-Governor Medill takes the first Cincinnati Express vice Whittlesey, resigned. Ohio is satisfied with these two appointments in lieu of a Cabinet position.

ST. LOUIS, March 17.

Governor Geary's farewell address to the people of Kansas is published, sketching the Governor's administration, setting forth the previous and present condition of Territory and recounting the difficulties and obstacles thrown in his way. He says the great body of the people are conservative, law abiding, and willing to make sacrifices for peace; that the troubles have been occasioned by ambitious schemers with no special interest in the Territory's welfare—who never desired peace nor will they allow it to continue if they have the power to prevent it.

The Governor left for the East this morning. Secretary Woodson is the acting Governor.

ST. LOUIS, March 17, P. M.

The river is unchanged—the weather cloudy and damp.

EVANSVILLE, March 17, P. M.

The steamers R. F. Saxe, Shotwell, Antelope, C. Beeler, W. B. Terry, L. Crosse, and Exchange passed up; and the Winslow, Fashion, Queen of the West, and U. S. Mail passed down to-day. The Shotwell turned back from here to-night.

The river is falling—the weather cloudy and damp.

CINCINNATI, March 17, P. M.

The river is falling slowly—the weather warm and cloudy.

PITTSBURG, March 17, P. M.

The river is unchanged since noon—the weather is damp and cloudy.

SCHOOL BOYS' GALS.—A very reasonable article on this kind will be found at

HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.'S.

A. J. MORRISON & CO., IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN SADDLERY HARDWARE, AND MANUFACTURERS OF TRUNKS, HORSE COLLARS, BRIDLES, HARNESS, Engine, Steamboat, and Garden Hose.

Main Street, between Sixth and Seventh, above Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

THE above articles, and many others not enumerated, are of our own manufacture, made out of the best materials, and in point of workmanship, elegance, and durability of finish will vie with any manufactured in the United States.

REWARD! DROWNED ON Monday morning, at March 2d, instant, about one mile below Rock Hill, Ky., William H. Kinnear, about 6 feet 10 inches high, and 180 lbs. weight, about dark striped cassimere pants, and a blue vest, supposed to be without coat; a name is marked on his underclothes; also on his person a gold hunting watch, steel fob chain with gold hook.

COAL! COAL! I HAVE a good supply of PITTSBURGH COAL on hand and am ready to sell and deliver at the lowest market price. Office on Third street, between Market and Jefferson, west side.

JOHN H. HOWE, SIGN, HOUSE, AND FANCY PAINTER, IMITATOR of all kinds of Wood and Marble. Mixed Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., for sale.

HOW IS IT? EVERYBODY wants to know the beautiful AM-BROTYPES. Some months ago the different humbug names gotten up by artists to deceive the public attracted considerable attention, but now they have ascertained how easily it is to be humbugged, even by the name as all other pictures made on glass in Louisville except at Troxell's Gallery are not hermetically sealed, not so beautiful, and liable to fade.

THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE stock to be found in the West. In addition to our sales-rooms, our finishing-rooms always contain over ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PIANOS.

Any one of which can be made ready for shipment within three days. Pianos furnished to wholesale or retail buyers at prices from 5 to 25 per cent. lower than Eastern Pianos can be sold for in this city.

References given to over 1,000 purchasers, including professors and heads of schools throughout the Western and Southern States.

THE RANGERS and REGULATORS of the Tanahs, or Life among the Lawless, a Tale of the Republic of Texas, by Charles Sumner.

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LATEST NEWS.

THERMOMETER. 6 P. M. 12 P. M. 7 A. M. 12 M. 60 54 52 47

BAROMETER. Last night, 12 o'clock : To-day, 12 o'clock. 29.58 29.62

We are indebted to Mr. Beeler, the attentive clerk of the Antelope, for late papers and copies of the manifest and memorandum.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS.—Wednesday, March 18. The day after St. Patrick's is unusually productive of numerous cases in which bloody-minded and disgraced sons of Erin figure. But happily for the honor of the Milesian race the only arrest made for drunkenness was Theodore Kockel, a German, who had strayed from Cincinnati, and was found in an entirely oblivious condition.

Israel Blitz—no relation to the magician—was charged with having sold a coat which had been stolen from James Telavan. The accused is a dealer in second hand clothing, and had doubtless acquired the coat in an honest manner. He was required to give bail for his good behavior, having violated one of the statutes in trading with a negro.

A private despatch from New Orleans, March 17, says: Sugar 1/4c higher. Molasses dull. Good coffee brisk.

MEMORANDUM.—The steamer Antelope left New Orleans on Tuesday evening, 11th inst., at five o'clock P. M. In port for Louisville, the A. L. Stovell, the Fanny Bullitt, Met the Jas. Montgomery at Bonnet Carre, 11th. Met the J. H. Oglesby at White Hall, the David White at Court Point, 12th. Met the Chancellor at Hurricane Island, the Jno. Briggs above head of Coles Creek Island, 13th. Met the Woodford at Lake Providence, 14th. Met the Baltic at Buff Island, the Eclipse at Ashport, the Empress at Mitchell's, the Virginia at Phillips' Wood Yard, 16th. Met the Trichel at Cotton Wood, the Newcomb at Curlew Mines, 17th. Met the R. J. Ward at Mt. Vernon, the Fashion at French Island.

RECEIPTS. Per Antelope from New Orleans, 234 bags coffee, 101 hds sugar, 57 bxs wine, Newcomb & Bro; 10 hds sugar, E. B. Burt; 51 hds sugar, 36 bbs whiskey, Armstrong, Allen & Co; 200 bags coffee, 50 do pepper, A. Buchanan & Co; 3 sacks mace, Wallace, Lihou & Co; 1 sack wine, Cornwell & Bro; 3 bales mace, Mitchell, Guthrie & Co; 1 trunk, J. Traube & Co; 1 pkg mace, Gardner & Co; 1 box mace, P. King & Co.

Per Bon Franklin from New Orleans, 976 bags coffee, T. Atkinson.

Per Mansfield from St. Louis, 30 bbls lead, 16 do tallow, 1 hhd do, 38 bags sago, 473 bags corn, 10 do oats, owners.

JEWELRY. We invite the attention of all to our assortment of fine goods, embracing VARIETY, STYLE, and EXTENT.

Which we offer at the lowest rates. JOHN KITTS & CO., Main st.

POEMS by M. Louis Chitwood, selected and prefaced by George D. Prentice. Price \$1.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Evening Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, March 18. Appointments of postmasters: Will Rush, Austin, Texas, vice B. F. Johnson, removed; W. J. Windham, Huntsville, Ala., vice Kavenaugh, whose commission expired. The following have been re-appointed: T. B. Bigger, Richmond, Va., T. L. Toulemon, Mobile, and N. D. M. Varrast, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

Orders have been issued for the steamer Merrimac, now at Norfolk, to proceed to Boston. No action will be taken at present on the subject of the Government of Utah.

W. F. Colcock, whose commission as collector of Charleston, S. C., expired yesterday, has been re-appointed.

The commissions of officers recently appointed are being issued from several Departments.

NEW ORLEANS, March 17. The steamship Philadelphia is below from Havana with California dates to the 20th ult., which have been anticipated by the arrival of the George Law at New York.

PITTSBURGH, March 18, M. River 4 feet 5 inches and falling. The Weather cloudy and mild.

CINCINNATI, March 18, M. Weather cloudy with slight rains at intervals. The wind is from the north now. The river is unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, March 18. River about stationary. Nothing new from the upper rivers. Weather cold and cloudy, with appearance of snow.

CHICAGO, March 18, M. Flour unchanged. Provisions dull and nothing doing. Whisky firm at 23c. Groceries unchanged.

BALTIMORE, March 18. Flour unchanged. Wheat dull at a decline of 2/3 cents. Corn brisk and firm. Sales of whisky at 35c/27c.

NEW ORLEANS, March 17, M. Cotton is firm—sales 5,000 bales—holders demand an advance. Sugar is firm. Molasses unchanged at 50c. Flour is quiet. Yellow corn declined 1/2c—sales at 55c. Mess pork advanced 25c. Freight heavy. Exchange on London firmer at 8 1/2.

NEW YORK, March 18, M. Flour heavy; sales of 11,000 bbls—Southern declined 10c; \$5 40/85 75. Wheat at 100; 3,000 bushels sold—Chicago spring wheat 124/125c. Corn heavy; 2,900 bushels sold at 72 1/2c for mixed. Mess pork declined 15c; sales at \$23 1/2. Stocks lower. Whisky advanced 1/4c; sales at 25 1/2/26 1/2.

Stocks lower. Cumberland 15 1/2; Galena & Chi. 104; Mich. Central 95 1/2; Erie 52 1/2; Cleveland and Toledo 72 1/2; Cleveland and Erie 52 1/2; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati 106; Milwaukee 73; Chicago and Rock Island 106; Illinois Central 136 1/2; Michigan Southern 72 1/2; New York Central 82 1/2; Pennsylvania Coal Company 99; Reading 79; Sterling exchange dull.

CARPETS! CARPETS! 150 PIECES Carpets, in rich Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Brussels, 3-ply, super Ingrain, Union, Cotton, Chains, &c., just received at C. DUVALL & CO.'S.

Mrs. Holmes's New Book. LENA RIVERS, by Mary J. Holmes, author of Tempest and Sunshine. Price \$1.

The Night Watch, or Social Life in the South by a Louisville Lady. Price \$1.

Recollections of a Lifetime, or Men and Things I have seen—historical, biographical, anecdotal, and descriptive, by S. G. Goodrich. 3 vols. Price \$3.

The Adventures of a Roaming Diplomatist, by Henry Wickoff, author of "My Courtship and its Consequences." Price \$1 25.

Marrying Too Late a Tale, by George Wood, author of "Modern Filigree." Price \$1.

Just received and for sale by CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth street, near Market.

STEEL PENS.—300 gross Alabama Pens; 100 do Ladies' fine Pens, No. 170; 100 do Governmental, No. 20; 100 do Union, No. 24; 100 do Fine Shot, No. 303; 100 do Engraving, No. 251; 100 do Flat Spring, No. 62; 100 do Iron, Come Ideo, No. 437; 100 do White do, No. 312; 100 do Bank do, No. 21; 400 do Cheap assorted Pens. All the above are of our own importation, with our imprint, and warranted to give satisfaction. Price 75 cents to \$2 per gross. C. HAGAN & CO., Main st.

MARTIN & PENTON, 96 Fourth street, successors to Robinson, Martin, & Co.

DRY GOODS. OSNABURGS of all kinds; heavy and fine brown Cottons; Super and cheap Linens; Fronting and Shirting Linens; Flannels of every variety; Plaid Cottons and Checks for Servants; Handsome styles of cheap Calicoes; Cheap figured De Laines; Super plain do; Embroideries of every kind; Elegant and plain Handkerchiefs; Bombazines, Lustres and De Laines; De Reges, Ginghams, and Plaids.

CLOAKS AT COST. A few only on hand, which we offer at bargains.

WHITE GOODS. Plain Jaconet, Cambric, and Nainsook; Plaid Swiss, Jaconet and do; Striped do, do and do; Dimity, India Twill, and Lawns.

HOOP SKIRTS. In every variety and color; samples of which will be sent out to the ladies who desire it.

MARTIN & PENTON, 96 Fourth st., Successors to Robinson, Martin, & Co.

Spring of 1857. MERCHANTS OF LOUISVILLE, LOOK AT THIS!

WE are prepared, between the hours of 1 and 5 P. M., to serve up DINNERS of every variety at 5 minutes' notice. RUEFFEL & MYERS, Proprietors of St. Charles.

Good Time. FINE WATCHES IN GOLD AND SILVER CASES—Having lately received a lot of Watches, my stock is now very complete, so as to suit all.

JAS. I. LEMON, Main st., between Second and Third.

NEW GOODS. At MARTIN & PENTON'S, 96 Fourth street.

SUPER plain black Silks; Assorted colors of Wool De Laines; White and colored Ribbons; Super French and English Chintzes; Irish Linen, Linen Lawns, and Cambric; 4-4, 6-4, and 8-4 super white Illusion.

EMBROIDERIES. Jaconet, Swiss, and Lace Collars; Do, do, do do Sets; Linen Collars and Sets; Embroidered Skirts and Peignoirs; Super plain corded Handkerchiefs, cheap; Marcelline Skirts, new; Gauze, French, Chantilly, and Honiton Veils; India Twill and Dimity; 20 dozen Shirting Buttons; Mixed embroidered Sets and Collars; Valenciennes, Honiton, and Thread Lace Sets; Real Laces and Imitation; Cape Collars and Sets, &c.

We will now be daily in receipt of new and beautiful goods, and assure our friends that our stock will exceed any ever before offered by us in extent and beauty.

Formerly Robinson, Martin, & Co., 114 1/2 96 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.

CAPS—A large supply of Men's and Boys' Caps cloth, velvet, and plush, on hand, which we are offering at very small profits.

PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main st.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS—Now is the time to buy such articles. We have a few sets left, which are offering for Easter cost. Call and examine at PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.'S, 455 Main st.

ICE-CREPEPERS, to prevent slipping on ice, a very neat article, for sale 96 Fourth street. Buy them and save your bones. 121 1/2 96 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.

CITY ORDINANCES, &C

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

RESOLVED by the General Council of the City of Louisville, That the Legislature of Kentucky, with the concurrence of a majority of the qualified voters of said city voting thereon at the general election in April, 1857, are hereby requested to repeal so much of the Charter of said city as relates to the number and mode of electing City and Railroad Tax Collectors, and adopt in lieu thereof a general clause granting to the Council authority to regulate this department of the city government as will best advance the general interest, and also to enact such ordinances as may be necessary to enforce the collection of taxes.

2d. To repeal so much of section 9 article 3 of the City Charter as relates to the pay of members of the General Council.

3d. Also to amend said Charter by adding an additional section, granting to the General Council authority to issue warrants as evidence of debt against the city, and repeal so much of said Charter as now prohibits this from being done.

R. F. BAIRD, J. A. GILLISS, W. T. WEAVER, Committee.

D. T. MONSARRAT, P. B. C. C. J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. D. L. BEATTY, P. B. C. O. H. STRATTON, C. B. A. Approved March 14, 1857. m17 dbkjtApr3 JOHN BARBEE, Mayor.

RAILROAD TOOLS—Wheeler's, Shovel, Spades, Picks, Mattocks, Crowbars, Portable Forges, Measures of all kinds, Engineer's Instruments, &c., for sale by A. McBRIDE, 69 Third st.

SOAPS, PERFUMERY, AND FANCY ARTICLES IN GREAT VARIETY. W. W. TALBOT, 98 Fourth street.

IRISH LINENS—All grades of Richardson's Irish Linens, &c., &c., now in store at C. DUVALL & CO.'S.

RICH DRY GOODS—Silks, De Laines, Chintzes, Organs, Muslins, Beroges, Chintzes, &c., &c., C. DUVALL & CO.'S.

NEW GOODS DAILY. ARTIN & PENTON'S, 96 Fourth street.

WE are now constantly in receipt of every variety of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, to which we call the attention of purchasers.

Choice styles of Dress Silks; Super plain do; Organdies, Lawns, and Jaconets; Plain and printed French Chintzes; Choice assortment of Prints; Embroideries in every variety; Cape Goods for Mourning; Lace and Swiss Silks; Servants' Wear of every description; White Goods, plain, plaid, and striped; Bleached and brown Domestic; Kid Gloves and Silk Mitts; Lace, Illusion, and dotted Veils; Hoop Skirts and Corinnoles; Hosiery, Silk, Cotton, and Lisle; Bonnet and Belt Ribbons; Manchester and French Ginghams; Dimity and Corded Skirting; Marcelline for Basques; French and Chantilly Mantles; Stella Scarfs and Shawls.

In a word, we have a complete stock of everything usually kept in a well-assorted stock of Dry Goods. Purchasers are invited to call and examine.

MARTIN & PENTON, Formerly Robinson, Martin, & Co., 96 Fourth st.

Spring Style Dress Hats. Gents' wanting the prettiest Dress Hat ever made can get one at HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.'S, who introduce their new fashion to-day. Call, everybody. f28 jdb

COUNTRY MERCHANTS WILL FIND IN OUR warehouses every variety of HATS, CAPS, and STRAW GOODS, which we guarantee to sell as low as any Eastern house and upon as favorable terms. HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.

MEN'S AND BOYS' NEW STYLE OF SOFT HATS, for business and traveling purposes, to be found at the corner of Fourth and Main streets. HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.

Potomac Fall Shad. FIRST OF THE SEASON. 20 PAIR POTOMAC SHAD, fresh and very delicious indeed, only 6 hours out from their watery beds by express, and now ready to be served up in the most superb style at JOHN CAWEN & CO.'S. f27 jdb

HATS, CAPS, AND STRAW GOODS. PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS, No. 455 Main street, Louisville.

Our stock for SPRING TRADE is now complete, embracing as large and varied an assortment as can be found in any jobbing house East or West. Our terms are Cash or short time, and prompt paying dealers. To such we pledge ourselves to supply goods as low as they can be obtained of any Eastern jobbing house. f27 jdb

Magazines for March. HARPER'S, GODEY'S and GRAHAM'S MAGAZINES received for March and subscriptions to each taken at \$2 10 per year or single copies at 25 cents a number, in your names to 84 Fourth st., near Market. f27 jdb

ST. CHARLES. FRESH SHAD. The first Shad of the season just received per express, also a lot of Shell Oysters. f27 jdb

Books! Books! new and old, at Ringgold's A JOURNEY through Texas, or a Saddle Trip on the Southwestern Frontier, by Frederick Law Olmstead. The Quadroon, or a Lover's Adventure in Louisiana, by Capt. Mayne Reid. Violet, or the Cross and the Crown, by J. McIntosh. Poems, by M. Louis Chitwood, selected and prefaced by George D. Prentice. The Night Watch, or Social Life in the South. The Behavior Book, a Manual for Ladies, by Miss Leslie. Lake Niami, or Explorations and Discoveries during four years' wandering in the wilds of Southwestern Africa, by Charles J. Anderson. Arctic Explorations, by Elisha Kent Kane, M. D., U. S. N. Autumal Leaves, by L. Maria Child. The Wigwam and the Cabin, by W. Gilmore Simms. The Arctic Explorations and Discoveries of the Nineteenth Century, by Samuel M. Smucker, A. M. Webster's Counting House and Family Dictionary. Behind the Scenes, by Lady Bulwer Lytton. Parlor Dramas, or Dramatic Scenes for Home Amusements, by William H. Fowler. For sale by S. RINGGOLD, 66 Fourth st., near Main.

CLOTHES' BASKETS. Square and round Clothes' Baskets; Oval Clothes' Hampers; received and for sale by feb 23 jdb W. W. TALBOT, 98 Fourth st.

WILLOW WARE—A large stock of domestic Willow Ware in Market and Reticule Baskets; Bonnet do; Willow Carriages and Cabs; Willow Cradles and Chairs; Received and for sale low by feb 23 jdb W. W. TALBOT, 98 Fourth st.

FANCY BASKETS—5 cases German and French Fancy Baskets received and for sale low to the trade by feb 23 jdb W. W. TALBOT, 98 Fourth st.

The Book—and the Time to Buy It. PRACTICAL Landscape Gardening, with reference to the improvement of Rural Residences, giving the general principles of the art, with full directions for planting shade trees, shrubbery, and flowers, and laying out grounds, by G. M. Kern. Elegantly bound in embossed marbled, 328 pages with illustrations. Price \$1 50. For sale by feb 23 jdb C. HAGAN & CO., Main street.

NEW SPRING SILKS—Rich silk Robes; Plain Silks; Bayadere Stripes; Chinese Stripes; Flounced Foulards; Plain Foulards; Just received at f23 jdb C. DUVALL & CO.'S.

CAPS AND CARRIAGES—I have received the wholesale agency for the sale of Baker's celebrated Caps and Carriages for children, embracing four qualities and three sizes. For sale low to the trade. feb 23 jdb W. W. TALBOT, 98 Fourth st.

N. B. These Carriages are much more durable than the Eastern made and equally as low.

f17 j&h 539 Main st., between Second and Third.